



暨南大学附属第一医院

THE FIRST AFFILIATED HOSPITAL OF JINAN UNIVERSITY

廣州華僑醫院

GUANGZHOU OVERSEAS CHINESE HOSPITAL

关于举办大数据临床研究高级特训班的通知

各有关医疗卫生机构，各医疗有关人士：

随着医学研究需求日益旺盛，广大医务人员的科研热情也被点燃，已形成星火燎原、长江后浪推前浪之势。但在实际执行过程中，又出现各式各样的问题：

1. 这个仪器使用费好贵，那个细胞株也不便宜，心仪的抗体价格好哇塞，做基因的价格能上天——缺经费。
2. 收集数据过程繁琐、工作量大，获得数据量偏少，难以实践研究计划，难以获得期望的研究效果——缺数据。
3. 无处下手，不知如何设计以实现研究目标——缺方法。
4. 统计怎么搞？看着就头疼——不会统计运用。
5. 这种方法真好，想学！可谁能教我？——无人指引。

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针对这些问题，暨南大学附属第一医院临床研究部特向大家推荐大数据临床研究，本团队已建立起系统的临床研究入门及临床数据挖掘培训方法，并开发出相应课程：

1. 大量临床公共数据库可供研究所用：MIMIC 数据库——急危重症医学临床研究；SEER 数据库——肿瘤预后相关临床研究；HRS 数据库——老年医学临床研究；CHNS 和 NHANES 数据库——临床营养医学研究，等等。有了足够的数据库，才有可能实现设想，磨练方法，获得结果；同时，扩展到新的想法和课题。最关键的是——这些统统不要钱！
2. 最常用的临床研究设计方法和细节，被以实际数据和结果承载的实例来展示、讲解，以便从实践中学习，掌握得更加牢固。

3. 从临床应用角度讲解统计：什么场景应该运用何种统计方法？具体如何应用软件进行操作？结果如何解读？——使受众能真正把统计方法运用到处理数据过程中，实操过关。
4. 多种研究设计方法和统计套路加盟课程，同时还有当今大数据研究最强工具——R 语言教程和科研扩展内容。

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综上，由暨南大学附属第一医院临床研究部、广东省护士协会主办的第一期《大数据临床研究高级特训班》【国家级继续教育项目（2023-15-01-037（国）】定于 2023 年 4 月 10 日-4 月 14 日在暨南大学附属第一医院举行。现将学习班有关事宜通知如下：

一、培训目标：

培养医务人员利用临床大数据进行临床研究的能力，尤其是实际操作能力。

二、培训对象：

各级医疗单位有志于科研的医务人员。

三、培训内容

第一天：

医务人员如何兼顾“上临床”与“做科研”（2h）

大数据时代的临床研究设计与实施（3h）

医疗数据挖掘研究设计快速入门要点（3h）

晚自习-配辅导老师（3h）

第二天：

无统计，不科研——最常用统计方法介绍（1h）

三种回归分析的 SPSS 操作方法（1h）

SPSS 实际操作演练（上机实操课，2h）

临床公共数据库与数据挖掘（3h）

如何高效阅读 SCI 论文（1h）

晚自习-配辅导老师（3h）

第三天：

SEER 数据库介绍及使用说明 (1h)

SEER 数据库使用案例详解 1 (1h)

SEER 数据库使用案例详解 2 (1h)

SEER 数据库使用案例详解 3 (1h)

重症医学数据库介绍及挖掘实战 (2h)

SEER 数据库申请实操 (上机实操课, 1h)

R 语言学习预备工作: 简介、装软件及 R 包、熟悉软件 (上机实操课, 1h)

晚自习-配辅导老师 (3h)

第四天:

基于 R 语言的临床数据挖掘——数据读取 (上机练习、答疑讨论, 1h)

基于 R 语言的临床数据挖掘——描述数据 (上机练习、答疑讨论, 1h)

基于 R 语言的临床数据挖掘——线性回归 (上机练习、答疑讨论, 1h)

基于 R 语言的临床数据挖掘——逻辑回归 (上机练习、答疑讨论, 1h)

临床预测模型基本理论 (1.5h)

重症数据挖掘三十六式 (1.5h)

SEER 数据挖掘十八式 (1h)

晚自习-配辅导老师 (3h)

第五天:

SEER 数据提取实操 (上机实操课, 1.5h)

MIMIC 数据提取实操 (上机实操课, 1.5h)

临床预测模型上机操作 (上机实操课, 4h)

临床在职人员如何发表科研论文 (1h)

四、学习形式

理论学习 25 学时, 上机实操 15 学时, 晚自习 (配辅导老师) 12 学时

五、培训时间、地点、费用

1. 培训时间: 2023 年 4 月 10 日-4 月 14 日

8:00-12:00, 14:00-18:00, 19:00-22:00

报到时间：2023年4月9日 14:30-18:30

报到和培训地点：广东省广州市黄埔大道西 613 号，暨南大学附属第一医院

2. 学分授予：参加培训者可获得国家级 I 类继续医学教育学分 10 分。请本人携带 IC 学分卡，逾期不予补刷学分。

3. 收费：

培训费 5000 元/人。食宿交通费用自理，按规定回原单位报销。

备注：

- 1) 参加培训者需自备笔记本电脑，性能适中（不可太陈旧），有一个磁盘（如 D 盘或 E 盘）剩余空间大于 500G。
- 2) 缴费后因各种原因未参加培训者，按所缴费用 80% 退款。
- 3) 参加培训者必须在 4 月 5 日前完成培训费支付。
- 4) 为保证学习效果，本培训班限额 50 名，报名额满即止，**报名未缴费者不保留名额。**

六、报名和缴费方式（限 50 人，确定报名成功后请尽快完成缴费）

1. 报名入口：请扫描下方二维码报名（满员后自动关闭）：



暨大附一大数据临床研究高级班报名二维码

2. 缴费方式

- (1) 个人缴费：扫描下方二维码缴费



大数据临床研究高级班缴费二维码

请注意：汇款时请备注，格式为：“姓名+大数据临床研究”

七、联系人和联系方式

联系人：李莉 老师 18810900509

附件 1：主讲简介

附件 2：课程表

附件 3：团队相关论文列表

暨南大学附属第一医院（广州华侨医院）



2023年2月20日

附 件

附件 1. 主讲简介

吕军，医学博士，博士生导师，研究员，暨南大学附属第一医院临床研究方法学学科带头人，临床研究部主任，曾任西安交大一附院临床研究中心副主任。主要研究方向为心脑血管疾病临床研究、临床大数据挖掘（e.g. 临床预测模型）、重症护理。

任中国医疗保健国际交流促进会循证医学分会委员、临床研究学组组长、中华医学会临床流行病学和循证医学分会循证医学学组委员、中国医药教育协会医药统计专业委员会委员、《中国循证医学杂志》《医学新知》编委会委员、广东省护士协会大数据管理分会会长、广东省医学会临床研究学分会委员、广东省医学会循证医学分会委员等职。

已发表研究论文 300 余篇，其中第一作者和通讯作者 SCI 论文 200 余篇（总影响因子 >850），ESI 高被引论文 5 篇，ESI 热点论文 1 篇，CNKI 三高论文 4 篇，H 因子 32；主持国家级研究课题两项、省部级研究课题四项；获陕西省科学技术二等奖两项；获得专利 11 项：其中发明专利 2 项、实用新型专利 9 项。

团队配备了临床研究设计、深层统计、大数据挖掘等领域的专职工作人员，负责全院的临床研究管理、培训和技术支持工作。该团队建立起系统的临床研究入门及临床数据挖掘培训方法，已开发利用多个国际公共数据库进行临床大数据挖掘实践，依托学组常规性举办医学大数据挖掘培训班，在业内取得一定的影响力。

团队统招硕士研究生毕业标准曾为完成 8 篇临床研究 SCI 论文；曾指导多名本科生完成至少 1 篇临床研究 SCI 论文。

团队 2022 年发表 SCI 论文 70 篇，其中 29 篇影响因子 >5 分，一区或 >10 分 4 篇。

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附件 2. 课程表

	讲者	讲授题目	讲授学时	教学方法（面授或实验技术）
第一天	医院领导	开幕式 + 领导致辞		
	吕军	医务人员如何兼顾“上临床”与“做科研”	2	面授理论
	吕军	大数据时代的临床研究设计与实施	3	面授理论
	吕军	医疗数据挖掘研究设计快速入门要点	3	面授理论
	团队老师	晚自习	3	实操辅导
第二天	吕军	无统计，不科研——最常用统计方法介绍	1	面授理论
	李淑娜	三种回归分析的SPSS操作方法	1	面授理论
	李淑娜	SPSS实际操作演练	2	实操
	吕军	临床公共数据库与数据挖掘	3	面授理论
	吕军	如何高效阅读SCI论文	1	面授理论
	团队老师	晚自习	3	实操辅导
第三天	黄礼莹	SEER数据库介绍及使用说明	1	面授理论
	吕军	SEER数据库使用案例详解1	1	面授理论
	吕军	SEER数据库使用案例详解2	1	面授理论
	吕军	SEER数据库使用案例详解3	1	面授理论
	吕军	重症医学数据库介绍及挖掘实战	2	面授理论
	黄礼莹	SEER数据库申请实操	1	实操
	吕军	R语言学习预备课	1	实操
	团队老师	晚自习	3	实操辅导
第四天	吕军	基于R语言的临床数据挖掘——数据读取	1	实操
	吕军	基于R语言的临床数据挖掘——描述数据	1	实操
	吕军	基于R语言的临床数据挖掘——线性回归	1	实操
	吕军	基于R语言的临床数据挖掘——逻辑回归	1	实操
	吕军	临床预测模型基本理论	1.5	面授理论
	吕军	重症数据挖掘三十六式	1.5	面授理论
	吕军	SEER数据挖掘十八式	1	面授理论
	团队老师	晚自习	3	实操辅导
第五天	黄礼莹	SEER数据提取实操	1.5	实操
	吕军	MIMIC数据提取实操	1.5	实操
	吕军	临床预测模型上机操作	4	实操
	吕军	临床在职人员如何发表科研论文	1	面授理论

附件 3：团队相关论文列表

● MIMIC 数据挖掘论文

1. Influence of systolic blood pressure trajectory on in-hospital mortality in patients with sepsis. *BMC Infectious Diseases* 2023, Accepted. **IF: 3.669.**
2. Malignant cancer may increase the risk of all-cause in-hospital mortality in patients with acute myocardial infarction: a multicenter retrospective study of two large public databases. *Cardio-Oncology* 2023, 9(1): 6. **IF: 无**
3. Developing an Explainable Machine Learning Model to Predict the Mechanical Ventilation Duration of Patients with ARDS in Intensive Care Units. *Heart & Lung* 2023, 58: 74-81. **IF: 3.149.**
4. The Hemoglobin-to-Red Cell Distribution Width Ratio to Predict All-Cause Mortality in patients with Sepsis-Associated Encephalopathy in the MIMIC-IV Database. *International Journal of Clinical Practice* 2022, 2022: 7141216. **IF: 3.149.**
5. Infections in Acute Pancreatitis: organisms, resistance-patterns and effect on mortality. *Digestive Diseases and Sciences* 2022, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10620-022-07793-1>. **IF: 3.487.**
6. Impact of falls within 3 months on the short-term prognoses of elderly patients in intensive care units: a retrospective cohort study using stabilized inverse probability treatment weighting. *Clinical Interventions in Aging* 2022, 17: 1779-1792. **IF: 3.829.**
7. Association of lactate to albumin ratio and bicarbonate with short-term mortality risk in patients with acute myocardial infarction. *BMC Cardiovascular Disorders* 2022, 22: 490. **IF: 2.174.**
8. Thiamine supplementation may be associated with improved prognosis in patients with sepsis: an analysis of the MIMIC-IV database. *British Journal of Nutrition* 2022, <https://www.doi.org/10.1017/S0007114522003373>. **IF: 4.125.**
9. Development and validation of a simple nomogram for predicting the short-term prognosis of patients with pulmonary embolism. *Heart & Lung* 2023, 57: 144-151. **IF: 3.149.**
10. Serum Anion Gap Level Predicts All-Cause Mortality in Septic Patients: A Retrospective Study Based on the MIMIC III Database. *Journal of Intensive Care Medicine* 2022, <https://doi.org/10.1177/08850666221123483>. **IF: 2.889.**
11. Developing an Ensemble Machine Learning Model for Early Prediction of Sepsis-Associated Acute Kidney Injury. *iScience* 2022, 25(9): 104932. **IF: 6.107.**
12. Effects of growth trajectory of shock index within 24 h on the prognosis of patients with sepsis. *Frontiers in Medicine* 2022, 9: 898424. **IF: 5.058.**
13. Association between statin use and the prognosis of patients with acute myocardial infarction complicated with diabetes. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2022, 9: 976656. **IF: 5.846.**
14. The Relationship between Hematocrit and Serum Albumin Levels Difference and Mortality in Elderly Sepsis Patients in Intensive Care Units – A Retrospective Study Based on Two Large Database. *BMC Infectious Diseases* 2022, 22: 629. **IF: 3.667.**
15. External Validation Based on Transfer Learning for Diagnosing ICUs Atelectasis Using Portable Chest X-rays. *Frontiers in Medicine* 2022, 9: 920040. **IF: 5.058.**
16. Antiembolic therapy to improve the ICU mortality rate of patients with acute myocardial infarction and type II diabetes mellitus. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2022, 9: 948924. **IF: 5.846.**
17. Metformin protects cardiovascular health in people with diabetes. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2022, 9: 949113. **IF: 5.846.**

18. Thiamine may be beneficial for patients with ventilator-associated pneumonia in the intensive care unit: a retrospective study based on the MIMIC-IV database. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 898566. **IF: 5.988.**
19. The Use of Antibiotics for Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in the MIMIC-IV Database. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 869499. **IF: 5.988.**
20. Deep Transfer Learning to Quantify Pleural Effusion Severity in Chest X-rays. *BMC Medical Imaging* 2022, 22: 100. **IF: 2.795.**
21. Early prediction of in-hospital mortality in patients with congestive heart failure in intensive care unit: a retrospective observational cohort study. *BMJ open* 2022, 12: e059761. **IF: 3.006.**
22. The association between bronchoscopy and the prognoses of patients with ventilator-associated pneumonia in intensive care units: a retrospective study based on the MIMIC-IV database. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 868920. **IF: 5.988.**
23. Infusion of human albumin on acute pancreatitis therapy: new tricks for old dog? *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 842108. **IF: 5.988.**
24. Effects of Gastric Acid Secretion Inhibitors for Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 898422. **IF: 5.988.**
25. Using Restricted Cubic Splines to Study the duration of antibiotic use in the Prognosis of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2022, 13: 898630. **IF: 5.988.**
26. Prognostic data analysis of surgical treatments for intracerebral hemorrhage. *Neurosurgical Review* 2022, 45(4):2733-2744. **IF: 2.80.**
27. Effect of first trough vancomycin concentration on the occurrence of AKI in critically ill patients: A retrospective study of the MIMIC-IV database. *Frontiers in Medicine* 2022, 9: 879861. **IF: 5.058.**
28. Antithrombotic therapy improves ICU mortality of septic patients with peripheral vascular disease. *International Journal of Clinical Practice* 2022, 2022: 1288535. **IF: 3.149.**
29. Association Between Blood Pressure During Vasopressor Weaning and Hospital Survival: What are the Optimal Targets of Vasopressor Support? *Emergencia* 2022, 34(5): 331-338. **IF: 5.345.**
30. The Association Between Continuous Renal Replacement Therapy as Treatment for Sepsis-Associated Acute Kidney Injury and Trend of Lactate trajectory as Risk Factor of 28-Day Mortality in Intensive Care Units. *BMC Emergency Medicine* 2022, 22: 32. **IF: 2.485.**
31. Prediction of prognosis in elderly patients with sepsis based on machine learning (random survival forest). *BMC Emergency Medicine* 2022, 22: 16. **IF: 2.485.**
32. A novel risk-prediction scoring system for sepsis among patients with acute pancreatitis: a retrospective analysis of a large clinical database. *International Journal of Clinical Practice* 2022, 2022: 5435656. **IF: 3.149.**
33. Predicting ICU Mortality in Rheumatic Heart Disease: Comparison of XGBoost and Logistic Regression. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2022, 9: 847206. **IF: 5.846.**
34. Influence of ambulatory blood pressure-related indicators within 24 h on in-hospital death in sepsis patients. *International Journal of Medical Sciences*, 2022, 19(3): 460-471. **IF: 3.642.**
35. Red cell distribution width to platelet ratio is associated with increasing in-hospital mortality in critically ill patients with acute kidney injury. *Disease Markers* 2022, <https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/4802702>. **IF: 3.464.**
36. Analysis of the correlation between the longitudinal change trajectory of SOFA scores and prognosis in patients with sepsis at 72 hour after admission based on group trajectory modeling. *Journal of*

- Intensive Medicine 2022, 2(1): 39-49.
37. Risk factor analysis and Nomogram for predicting In-Hospital Mortality in ICU patients with sepsis and lung infection. *BMC Pulmonary Medicine* 2022, 22: 17. **IF: 3.32.**
 38. Influence of the trajectory of the urine output for 24 hours on the occurrence of AKI in patients with sepsis in intensive care unit. *Journal of Translational Medicine* 2021, 19: 518. **IF: 8.44.**
 39. Deep-Learning-Based Survival Prediction of Patients in Coronary Care Units. *Computational and Mathematical Methods in Medicine* 2021, 2021:5745304. **IF: 2.809.**
 40. Developing and verifying a multivariate model to predict the survival probability after coronary artery bypass grafting in patients with coronary atherosclerosis based on the MIMIC-III database. *Heart & Lung*, 2021, 52: 61-70. **IF: 3.149.**
 41. Obesity paradox of all-cause mortality in 4133 patients treated with coronary revascularization. *Journal of Interventional Cardiology* 2021, 3867735. **IF: 1.776.**
 42. Influence of fluid balance on the prognosis of patients with sepsis. *BMC Anesthesiology* 2021, 21(1): 269. **IF: 2.376.**
 43. A new scoring system for predicting in-hospital death in patients having liver cirrhosis with esophageal varices. *Frontiers in Medicine*, 2021, 8: 678646. **IF: 5.058.**
 44. A novel nomogram for predicting survival in patients with severe acute pancreatitis: an analysis based on the large MIMIC-III clinical database. *Emergency Medicine International* 2021, 2021:9190908. **IF: 1.621.**
 45. Establishment of a prognostic model for patients with sepsis based on SOFA: a retrospective cohort study. *Journal of International Medical Research* 2021, 49(9): 3000605211044892. **IF: 1.573.**
 46. Using restricted cubic splines to study the trajectory of systolic blood pressure in the prognosis of acute myocardial infarction. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2021, 8: 740580. **IF: 5.846.**
 47. The role of glucocorticoids in the treatment of ARDS: a multicenter retrospective study based on the eICU Collaborative Research Database. *Frontiers in Medicine* 2021, 8: 678260. **IF: 5.058.**
 48. Prognostic Value of Blood Urea Nitrogen/Creatinine Ratio for Septic Shock: An Analysis of the MIMIC-III Clinical Database. *BioMed Research International* 2021, 2021: 5595042. **IF: 3.246.**
 49. Construction and Evaluation of a Sepsis Risk Prediction Model for Urinary Tract Infection. *Frontiers in Medicine* 2021, 8: 671184. **IF: 5.058.**
 50. Effects of stress hyperglycemia on short-term prognosis of patients without diabetes mellitus in Coronary Care Unit. *Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine* 2021, 8: 683932. **IF: 5.846.**
 51. Exploration and Establishment A Prognostic Model Based on The SOFA Score for First Diagnosed Acute Myocardial Infarction Patients. *Journal of International Medical Research* 2021, 49(5): 1-15. **IF: 1.573.**
 52. Body Mass Index Linked to Short-Term and Long-Term All-Cause Mortality in Patients with Acute Myocardial Infarction. *Postgraduate Medical Journal* 2022, 98: e15. **IF: 4.973.**
 53. A nomogram for predicting the risk of sepsis in patients with acute cholangitis. *Journal of International Medical Research* 2019, August 20. doi: 10.1177/0300060519866100. **IF: 1.287.**
 54. Description of clinical characteristics of VAP patients in MIMIC database. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2019, 10: 62. **IF: 4.225.**
 55. 急性心肌梗死患者短期死亡风险预测模型的构建与评估. *中国循证心血管医学杂志*, 2022, 14(4): 406-410.
 56. 基于 MATLAB 的医学影像数据迁移学习的实现. *医学新知*, 2022, 32(01): 33-39.

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